

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements of

# INSCAPE CORPORATION

(Unaudited)

October 31, 2011 and 2010

**INSCAPE CORPORATION**  
**CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
**(Unaudited)(in thousands)**

	Note	October 31 2011	April 30 2011
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 4,853	\$ 7,545
Short-term investments		14,292	19,022
Trade and other receivables		12,819	9,099
Inventories	7	4,487	3,964
Derivative assets	11	598	2,101
Income taxes receivable		302	206
Prepaid expenses		998	806
		<b>38,349</b>	42,743
<b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Capital assets		24,643	24,060
Intangible assets		908	907
Derivative assets	11	72	-
Deferred tax assets		2,915	1,899
		<b>\$ 66,887</b>	\$ 69,609
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 9,037	\$ 8,688
Provisions	8	410	502
		<b>9,447</b>	9,190
RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATION	9	2,216	2,977
OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	12	1,181	841
PROVISIONS	8	314	358
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES		1,970	2,309
		<b>15,128</b>	15,675
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>			
Issued capital	10	53,006	54,166
Contributed surplus	10	2,588	1,946
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(606)	(883)
Deficit		(3,229)	(1,295)
		<b>51,759</b>	53,934
		<b>\$ 66,887</b>	\$ 69,609

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Note - These interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor

Approved by the Board of Directors,

(signed)  
Chairman  
Doug C. Lord

(signed)  
Director  
Robert G. Long

**INSCAPE CORPORATION**  
**CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS**  
(Unaudited)(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Note	Three Months Ended October 31,		Six Months Ended October 31,	
		2011	2010	2011	2010
			(Note 3)		(Note 3)
SALES		\$ 21,867	\$ 25,612	\$ 41,192	\$ 43,678
COST OF GOODS SOLD		16,198	17,702	32,462	30,246
GROSS MARGIN		5,669	7,910	8,730	13,432
EXPENSES					
Selling, general and administrative		5,951	5,606	11,636	10,403
Unrealized (gain) loss on foreign exchange		(483)	(32)	(399)	33
Unrealized loss (gain) on derivatives	11	735	(146)	611	(298)
Interest income		(157)	(67)	(273)	(204)
		6,046	5,361	11,575	9,934
(LOSS) INCOME BEFORE TAXES		(377)	2,549	(2,845)	3,498
INCOME TAX (RECOVERY) EXPENSE		(133)	871	(911)	1,175
NET (LOSS) INCOME		\$ (244)	\$ 1,678	\$ (1,934)	\$ 2,323
BASIC AND DILUTED (LOSS) INCOME PER SHARE	6	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.11	\$ (0.13)	\$ 0.16

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION**

Salaries and benefits included in cost of goods sold	\$ 4,846	\$ 5,755	\$ 9,976	\$ 9,682
Salaries and benefits included in operating expense	3,072	2,552	5,973	5,138
Total salaries and benefits	\$ 7,918	\$ 8,307	\$ 15,949	\$ 14,820
Amortization included in cost of goods sold	\$ 818	\$ 773	\$ 1,579	\$ 1,527
Amortization included in operating expense	124	190	227	374
Total amortization	\$ 942	\$ 963	\$ 1,806	\$ 1,901

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Note - These interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor

**INSCAPE CORPORATION**  
**CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**  
(Unaudited)(in thousands)

	Three Months Ended October 31,		Six Months Ended October 31,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
NET (LOSS) INCOME	\$ (244)	\$ 1,678	\$ (1,934)	\$ 2,323
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)				
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges	-	298	-	(28)
Reclassification of gains on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges to income	-	(1,787)	(207)	(3,610)
Exchange gain (loss) on translating foreign operations	345	(75)	406	21
Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	-	419	78	1,073
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), NET OF TAXES	345	(1,145)	277	(2,544)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), NET OF TAXES	\$ 101	\$ 533	\$ (1,657)	\$ (221)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Note - These interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor

**INSCAPE CORPORATION**  
**CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY**  
**(Unaudited)(in thousands)**  
**Period Ended October 31, 2011**

	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss ("AOCI")	Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity
BALANCE - May 1, 2011	\$ 54,166	\$ 1,946	\$ (883)	\$(1,295)	\$ 53,934
Share Repurchase (Note 10)	(1,160)	642	-	-	(518)
Net Loss	-	-	-	(1,934)	(1,934)
Other Comprehensive Loss	-	-	277	-	277
BALANCE - October 31, 2011	\$ 53,006	\$ 2,588	\$ (606)	\$(3,229)	\$ 51,759

**Period Ended October 31, 2010**

	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) ("AOCI")	Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity
BALANCE - May 1, 2010 (Note 3.2)	\$ 57,059	\$ 84	\$ 4,539	\$(4,870)	\$ 56,812
Share Repurchase	\$ (2,628)	\$ 1,741	\$ -	\$ -	(887)
Net Income (Note 3.2)	-	-	-	2,323	2,323
Other Comprehensive Loss (Note 3.2)	-	-	(2,544)	-	(2,544)
BALANCE - October 31, 2010 (Note 3.2)	\$ 54,431	\$ 1,825	\$ 1,995	\$(2,547)	\$ 55,704

**INSCAPE CORPORATION**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
(Unaudited)(in thousands)

	Three Months Ended October 31,		Six Months Ended October 31,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
<b>NET INFLOW (OUTFLOW) OF CASH RELATED TO THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES:</b>				
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>				
(Loss) income before taxes	\$ (377)	\$ 2,549	\$ (2,845)	\$ 3,498
Items not affecting cash:				
Amortization	943	963	1,807	1,901
Pension expense	362	129	477	238
Unrealized (gain) loss on short-term investments held for trading	101	(88)	19	(178)
Unrealized gain on derivatives	735	(146)	611	(298)
Derivative assets and liabilities	-	(67)	578	49
Deferred expenses and other expenses	(271)	(1)	(271)	(13)
Stock based compensation	119	178	340	175
Unrealized loss on foreign exchange	(483)	(32)	(399)	33
Gain on sale of capital assets	(6)	(26)	(17)	(21)
Employer's contribution to pension funds	(1,104)	(190)	(1,282)	(367)
Changes in non-cash operating working capital items				
Trade and other receivables	1,222	(4,228)	(3,239)	(4,649)
Inventories	521	(364)	(447)	(1,040)
Prepaid expenses	(44)	139	(185)	(61)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6	2,775	221	2,516
Provisions	(84)	-	(171)	-
Income tax receivable	(22)	1	(82)	338
<b>Cash generated from (used for) operating activities</b>	<b>1,618</b>	<b>1,592</b>	<b>(4,885)</b>	<b>2,121</b>
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Share repurchase	(447)	(27)	(518)	(887)
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Short-term investments held for trading	1,032	3,639	4,711	2,573
Additions to capital assets and intangibles assets	(1,187)	(1,233)	(2,193)	(1,854)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	8	27	19	34
<b>Cash generated from (used for) investing activities</b>	<b>(147)</b>	<b>2,433</b>	<b>2,537</b>	<b>753</b>
<b>Unrealized foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>(16)</b>
<b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>1,210</b>	<b>4,081</b>	<b>(2,692)</b>	<b>1,971</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>	<b>3,643</b>	<b>565</b>	<b>7,545</b>	<b>2,675</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD</b>	<b>\$ 4,853</b>	<b>\$ 4,646</b>	<b>\$ 4,853</b>	<b>\$ 4,646</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CONSIST OF:</b>				
Cash	\$ 4,597	\$ 2,934	\$ 4,597	\$ 2,934
Cash equivalents	256	1,712	256	1,712
	<b>\$ 4,853</b>	<b>\$ 4,646</b>	<b>\$ 4,853</b>	<b>\$ 4,646</b>
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION</b>				
Income taxes paid net of refund received	\$ 290	\$ -	\$ 401	\$ (337)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Note - These interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor

## **1. General information**

Inscape Corporation (the Company) is a limited company incorporated in Ontario, Canada, with Class B common shares listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange (TMX). The Company's registered office is 67 Toll Road, Holland Landing, Ontario, Canada.

The Company is a leading designer and manufacturer of innovative solutions for today's constantly evolving workplace, offering a range of award winning products, including office furniture systems, filing and storage, desking, casegoods and architectural products. Inscape's products are designed to integrate together and create unique product solutions to meet the needs of today's multi-generational workforce. Production occurs at two facilities in Canada and the United States in approximately 438,000 square feet of space. Inscape serves its customers through a network of authorized dealers.

## **2. Future Accounting Changes**

The Company is assessing the potential impacts of the adoption of the following new accounting standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013.

- (a) IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments replaces IAS 39 – Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 9 establishes principles for the reporting of financial assets and financial liabilities that will provide relevant information to users of financial statements on the amounts, timing and uncertainty of an entity's future cash flows.
- (b) IAS 1 – Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income – The amendment provides guidance on the presentation of items continued in other comprehensive income and their classification.
- (c) IAS 19 – Employee Benefits – The amendments eliminates the deferred recognition of gains and losses resulting from defined benefit plans, eliminate the options for the presentation of gains and losses relating to those plans and improve the accounting for termination benefits.
- (d) IFRS 13 – Fair Value Measurements – This standard provides guidance on its determination and introduces consistent requirements for disclosures on fair value measurements.
- (e) IFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements – This new standard provides a control-based requirement for consolidation across all types of interests in other entities.
- (f) IFRS 12 – Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities – This standard supplements existing disclosure requirements about interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and unconsolidated structured entities.

### **3. Significant accounting policies**

#### **3.1 Statement of compliance**

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 Interim Financial Reporting.

The significant accounting policies the Company expects to use in its consolidated financial statements for the year ending April 30, 2012 are adopted in these interim statements. A summary of these significant accounting policies is disclosed in Note 3 of the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended July 31, 2011.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on December 7, 2011.

#### **3.2 Transition from Canadian GAAP to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs")**

The Company adopted the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") effective May 1, 2011. A reconciliation of the shareholders' equity reported in accordance with Canadian GAAP to the equity in accordance with IFRSs as the transition date of May 1, 2010 is disclosed in Note 3.2.1 of the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended July 31, 2011.

The following are reconciliations of the shareholders' equity, statement of operations, statement of comprehensive loss and statement of changes in shareholders' equity reported in accordance with Canadian GAAP to the same statements in accordance with IFRSs for the three months and six months ended October 31, 2010:

Inscape Corporation  
Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
Unaudited (in thousands except share and per share amounts)

<b>Reconciliation of equity at October 31, 2010</b>	Note	October 31, 2010 CGAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	<b>October 31, 2010 IFRS</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>				
<b>CURRENT</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 4,646	\$ -	\$ 4,646
Short-term investments		14,678	-	14,678
Trade and other receivables		15,795	-	15,795
Inventories	i	5,578	(14)	5,564
Derivative assets		4,333	-	4,333
Income taxes receivable		210	-	210
Prepaid expenses	i	836	(3)	833
		46,076	(17)	46,059
<b>CAPITAL ASSETS</b>	i & ii	25,252	(884)	24,368
<b>INTANGIBLE ASSETS</b>	i	859	-	859
<b>DERIVATIVE ASSETS</b>		222	-	222
<b>DEFERRED PENSION ASSETS</b>	iii	1,813	(1,813)	-
<b>DEFERRED TAX ASSETS</b>	vi	1,547	508	2,055
		\$ 75,769	\$ (2,206)	\$ 73,563
<b>LIABILITIES</b>				
<b>CURRENT</b>				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	iv	\$ 10,705	\$ (182)	\$ 10,523
Provisions	iv	-	181	181
<b>RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATION</b>	iii	-	3,316	3,316
<b>OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS</b>	v	404	161	565
<b>DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES</b>	vi	4,398	(1,124)	3,274
		15,507	2,352	17,859
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>				
SHARE CAPITAL		54,431	-	54,431
CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS		1,825	-	1,825
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	i	2,427	(432)	1,995
RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT)		1,579	(4,126)	(2,547)
		60,262	(4,558)	55,704
		\$ 75,769	\$ (2,206)	\$ 73,563

**CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS**

<b>Unaudited (in thousands , except per share amounts)</b>	Note	6 Months Ended October 31, 2010 CGAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	<b>6 Months Ended October 31, 2010 IFRS</b>
Sales		\$ 43,678	\$ -	\$ 43,678
Cost of goods sold	i,ii, iii & v	30,436	(190)	30,246
Gross margin		13,242	190	13,432
Expenses				
Selling, general and administrative	iii & v	10,449	(46)	10,403
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss	i	27	6	33
Unrealized derivative gain		(298)	-	(298)
Net interest income		(204)	-	(204)
		9,974	(40)	9,934
Income before taxes		3,268	230	3,498
Income taxes	vi	1,111	64	1,175
Net income		\$ 2,157	\$ 166	\$ 2,323
BASIC INCOME PER SHARE		\$ 0.15	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.16
DILUTED INCOME PER SHARE		\$ 0.15	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.16



**CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS**

<b>(Unaudited)(in thousands)</b>	Note	6 Months Ended		6 Months Ended
		October 31, 2010	Effect of transition to IFRS	October 31, 2010
		CGAAP		IFRS
NET INCOME		\$ 2,157	\$ 166	\$ 2,323
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS,				
Unrealized losses on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges		(28)	-	(28)
Reclassification of gains on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges to income		(3,610)	-	(3,610)
Exchange gain on translating foreign operations	i	-	21	21
Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive loss		1,073	-	1,073
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS, NET OF TAXES		(2,565)	21	(2,544)
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS , NET OF TAXES		\$ (408)	\$ 187	\$ (221)

**CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY**  
**Six Months Ended October 31, 2010 (Unaudited)(in thousands)**

	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income ("AOCI")	Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity
BALANCE per CGAAP - May 1, 2010	\$ 57,059	\$ 84	\$ 4,992	\$ (578)	\$ 61,557
IFRS transition adjustments on May 1, 2010	-	-	(453)	(4,292)	(4,745)
Restated balance per IFRS - May 1, 2010	\$ 57,059	\$ 84	\$ 4,539	\$ (4,870)	\$ 56,812
Share Repurchase per CGAAP and IFRS	(2,628)	1,741	-	-	(887)
Net Income per CGAPP	-	-	-	2,157	2,157
Net Income IFRS adjustments	-	-	-	166	166
Other Comprehensive Loss per CGAPP	-	-	(2,565)	-	(2,565)
Other Comprehensive Loss IFRS adjustments	-	-	21	-	21
BALANCE per IFRS- October 31, 2010	\$ 54,431	\$ 1,825	\$ 1,995	\$ (2,547)	\$ 55,704

**CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS**

<b>Unaudited (in thousands , except per share amounts)</b>	Note	3 Months Ended October 31,		3 Months Ended October 31,
		2010 CGAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	2010 IFRS
Sales		\$ 25,612	\$ -	\$ 25,612
Cost of goods sold	i,ii, iii & v	17,794	(92)	17,702
Gross margin		7,818	92	7,910
Expenses				
Selling, general and administrative	iii & v	5,605	1	5,606
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss	i	30	(62)	(32)
Unrealized derivative gain		(146)	-	(146)
Net interest income		(67)	-	(67)
		5,422	(61)	5,361
Income before taxes		2,396	153	2,549
Income taxes	vi	845	26	871
Net income		\$ 1,551	\$ 127	\$ 1,678
BASIC INCOME PER SHARE		\$ 0.11	\$ -	\$ 0.11
DILUTED INCOME PER SHARE		\$ 0.11	\$ -	\$ 0.11

**CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

<b>(Unaudited)(in thousands)</b>	Note	3 Months Ended October 31,		3 Months Ended October 31,
		2010 CGAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	2010 IFRS
NET INCOME		\$ 1,551	\$ 127	\$ 1,678
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS,				
Unrealized gains on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges		298	-	298
Reclassification of gains on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges to income		(1,787)	-	(1,787)
Exchange loss on translating foreign operations	i	-	(75)	(75)
Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive loss		419	-	419
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS, NET OF TAXES		(1,070)	(75)	(1,145)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME , NET OF TAXES		\$ 481	\$ 52	\$ 533

### **3.2 Transition from Canadian GAAP to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") (continued)**

The conversion to IFRS has no impact on the Company's cash flows. The following is an explanation of the IFRS adjustments noted in the above reconciliations:

- (i) Foreign exchange translation  
Under Canadian GAAP, the temporal method was used to translate the balance sheet of a U.S. subsidiary, which is an integrating foreign operation of the Company. Under IAS 21 – Foreign Exchange, the subsidiary is assessed to have the U.S. dollar as its functional currency; whereas Canadian dollar is the presentation currency of the Company's consolidated financial statements. Under the circumstances, IAS 21 requires the use of the current rate method to translate all the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary. The adjustments reflect the translation gains or losses, mainly from the translation of the capital assets of the subsidiary at the exchange rate at each reporting date. Under Canadian GAAP, the assets were translated at the historical U.S. exchange rate when they were acquired.
- (ii) Capital Assets  
IAS 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment requires separate amortization of any significant components of capital assets that have a materially different useful life than the parent assets. The Company determined that the roof is a significant component of the building that has a shorter useful life than the building. This adjustment represents faster depreciation of this component.
- (iii) Retirement benefit obligations  
Under Canadian GAAP, the Company amortized the actuarial losses and gains of the defined benefit pension plans over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSAL) of the plan members. On transition to IFRS, the Company elected to recognize all cumulative unamortized actuarial losses and gains in the opening retained earnings as at May 1, 2010.
- (iv) Provisions  
Under IFRS, provisions representing liabilities to the Company for which the amount or timing is uncertain need to be presented as a separate item on the Statement of Financial Position. This adjustment represents reclassification of the Company's provisions for warranty expenses, contingent liability for a New York State Workers' Compensation Board assessment and other legal claims. These provisions were included in the accounts payable and accrued liabilities under Canadian GAAP.
- (v) Shared-based payments  
Under Canadian GAAP, the obligations for cash settled share-based awards were recognized and remeasured at each reporting period at their intrinsic values. Under IFRS, the obligations are recognized initially at the fair value of the awards when they were granted using the Black-Scholes-Merton Option Pricing Model. The obligations are remeasured at each reporting date based on changes in the fair value of the awards.
- (vi) Income taxes  
The adjustment reflects the changes in deferred income taxes resulting from the IFRS adjustments noted above.

#### **4. Critical estimates and judgments in applying accounting policies**

The following are the critical estimates and judgments that the management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements.

Allowance for doubtful accounts based on management judgment and review of any known exposures and collection experience.

Reserve for inventory is based on the aging of inventory and management's judgment of product life cycles in identifying obsolete items.

Estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are based on management's experience, the intended usage of the assets and the expected technological advancement that may affect the life cycle of the assets.

Defined benefit pension obligations are based on the management's best estimates on the long-term return on pension fund assets, the discount rate of obligations, mortality and the future rate of salary increase.

Liability for the Company's performance share units is based on the management's best estimates on the Company's financial performance during the vesting period of the performance share units.

## 5. Segment information

The following is an analysis of the Company's revenue and results from continuing operations, assets, liabilities, and capital expenditures by reportable segments, which are identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Company that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess their performance.

	Three Months Ended October 31,		Six Months Ended October 31,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
<b>Segment Sales</b>				
Systems and storage	\$ 16,834	\$ 18,101	\$ 33,254	\$ 31,236
Moveable walls and rollform	5,033	7,511	7,938	12,442
	<b>21,867</b>	25,612	<b>41,192</b>	43,678
<b>Segment Operating (Losses) Profits</b>				
Systems and storage	\$ 1,189	\$ 1,641	\$ 638	\$ 2,179
Moveable walls and rollform	213	2,018	(578)	3,159
	<b>1,402</b>	3,659	<b>60</b>	5,338
Corporate expenses	<b>1,684</b>	1,355	<b>2,966</b>	2,309
Unrealized exchange loss	(483)	(32)	(399)	33
Unrealized derivatives gain	735	(146)	611	(298)
Interest income	(157)	(67)	(273)	(204)
(Loss) income before taxes	(377)	2,549	(2,845)	3,498
Provision for income taxes	(133)	871	(911)	1,175
Net (loss) income	\$ (244)	\$ 1,678	\$ (1,934)	\$ 2,323

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Company's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of central administration costs and directors' salaries, investment revenue and income tax expense. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

## 5. Segment information (continued)

The Company operates in two principal geographical areas – U.S. and Canada.

The Company's revenue from continuing operations from external customers by geographical location are detailed below.

	<b>Three Months Ended October 31,</b>	
	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>
<b>Sales from</b>		
United States	\$ 18,846	\$ 22,652
Canada	2,995	2,917
Other	26	43
	<b>\$ 21,867</b>	<b>\$ 25,612</b>

  

	<b>Six Months Ended October 31,</b>	
	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>
<b>Sales from</b>		
United States	\$ 35,493	\$ 38,205
Canada	5,457	4,801
Other	242	672
	<b>\$ 41,192</b>	<b>\$ 43,678</b>

## 6. Earnings per share

The earnings and weighted average number of shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share are as follows.

	<b>Three Months Ended October 31,</b>	
<i>Numerator</i>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>
Net (loss) income for the quarter for basic and diluted earnings per share	\$ (244)	\$ 1,678

  

<i>Denominator</i>		
Weighted average number of shares outstanding for basic earnings per share	<b>14,319,699</b>	14,653,768
Dilution impact of stock options	<b>123,352</b>	86,803
Weighted average number of shares outstanding for diluted earnings per share	<b>14,443,051</b>	14,740,571

  

	<b>Six Months Ended October 31,</b>	
<i>Numerator</i>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>
Net (loss) income for the period for basic and diluted earnings per share	\$ (1,934)	\$ 2,323

  

<i>Denominator</i>		
Weighted average number of shares outstanding for basic earnings per share	<b>14,534,988</b>	14,848,909
Dilution impact of stock options	<b>129,115</b>	13,270
Weighted average number of shares outstanding for diluted earnings per share	<b>14,664,103</b>	14,862,179

## 6. Earnings per share (continued)

219,018 potential shares are anti-dilutive and are therefore excluded from the weighted average number of shares for the purposes of diluted earnings per share for the three-month period ended October 31, 2011 (2010-232,500). Diluted loss per common share for the period has not been disclosed as the effect of the conversion would be anti-dilutive.

219,018 potential shares are anti-dilutive and are therefore excluded from the weighted average number of shares for the purposes of diluted earnings per share for the six-month period ended October 31, 2011 (2010-270,000). Diluted loss per common share for the period has not been disclosed as the effect of the conversion would be anti-dilutive.

## 7. Inventories

	October 31, 2011	April 30, 2011
Raw materials	\$ 3,387	\$ 2,958
Work-in-progress	404	375
Finished goods	696	631
	<u>\$ 4,487</u>	<u>\$ 3,964</u>

## 8. Provisions

	Warranties (i)	NYWCB (ii)	Others (iii)	Total
Balance at April 30, 2011	\$ 370	\$ 480	\$ 10	\$ 860
Additional provisions recognized	28	-	-	28
Reductions arising from payments	(113)	(63)	-	(176)
Reversal of unused amounts	(21)	-	(10)	(31)
Currency exchange loss	18	25	-	43
Balance at October 31, 2011	<u>\$ 282</u>	<u>\$ 442</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 724</u>
Current portion	\$ 282	\$ 128	\$ -	\$ 410
Long-term portion	-	314	-	314
	<u>\$ 282</u>	<u>\$ 442</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 724</u>

- (i) The provision for warranty claims represents the present value of the management's best estimate of the future outflow of economic benefits that will be required under the Company's obligations for warranties. The estimate has been made on the basis of potential warranty claims known to the management.

## **8. Provisions (continued)**

- (ii) The NYWCB represents provision for an assessment from the New York State Workers' Compensation Board.

On November 22, 2010, the New York State Workers' Compensation Board (the "NYSWC Board") notified the Company of an assessment of US \$784 as the Company's contribution to cover the deficit of the Metal Goods and Manufacturers Self Insurance Trust Fund (the "Fund").

In 2005, the Fund filed a complaint with the New York State Supreme Court alleging that the Company must pay US \$70 to cover the Fund's deficit. The Company defended the claim together with 14 other companies that were served the complaint in varying amounts. In 2008, the New York State Supreme Court dismissed the Fund's complaint as without merit. In 2009, the Court rejected the Fund's application for an appeal. The Fund was subsequently dissolved and taken over by the NYSWC Board. In January 2010, the NYSWC Board issued an interim assessment of US \$114 for the Fund's deficit and in November 2010 they revised the assessment to US \$784.

The Company has signed a Memorandum of Understanding (the "MOU") with the NYSWC Board to provide them interim cash flow funding over an eighteen-month period beginning March 2011. In return, the NYSWC Board will not commence an administrative and/or civil action against the Company and vice-versa during the time the MOU is in effect. Either the NYSWC Board or the Company can terminate the MOU by giving ninety days prior written notice of such termination. Based on the funding provision in the MOU, US \$528 was accrued in fiscal year 2011.

- (iii) "Others" represent a minor legal claim that was withdrawn at the end of the period.

## **9. Retirement benefit obligation**

In September 2011 the Company settled its obligation for a wound-up defined benefit pension plan with the purchase of an annuity. The settlement resulted in a reduction of the Company's retirement benefit obligation by \$631 from the balance at April 30, 2011 and a settlement loss of \$257 being charged to the current quarter's selling, general and administrative expenses.



## 10. Issued capital

The authorized capital of the Company consists of 7,670,881 Class A multiple voting shares and an unlimited number of Class B subordinated voting shares.

Class A multiple voting shares carries ten votes per share. Class B subordinated shares carries one vote per share.

Issued	April 30, 2011		October 31, 2011	
	Balance	Repurchase	Balance	
Class A multiple voting	5,345,881		5,345,881	
Class B subordinated voting	9,253,279	(199,559)	9,053,720	
Total number of shares	14,599,160	(199,559)	14,399,601	
Class A multiple voting	\$ 375	\$ -	\$ 375	
Class B subordinated voting	53,791	(1,160)	52,631	
	\$ 54,166	\$ (1,160)	\$ 53,006	
<hr/>				
Contributed surplus	\$ 1,946	\$ 642	\$ 2,588	

## 11. Financial instruments

### 11.1 Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders through growth in earnings.

Management defines capital as the Company's total capital and reserves excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) as summarized in the following table:

	October 31, 2011	April 30, 2011
Share Capital	\$ 53,006	\$ 54,166
Contributed Surplus	2,588	1,946
Deficit	(3,229)	(1,295)
	\$ 52,365	\$ 54,817

The Company manages its capital structure and makes modifications in response to changes in economic conditions and the risks associated with the underlying strategic initiatives. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, or draw on its line of credit.

## 11. Financial instruments (continued)

### 11.2 Foreign currency risk management

The Company's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in the U.S. dollar exchange rates. The Company enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to hedge the exchange rate risk arising on the anticipated sales of office furniture to the U.S. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the Company's policies approved by the Board of Directors. Compliance with policies and exposure limits is reviewed by the Board on a regular basis. The Company does not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

The Company entered an agreement in May 2010 with a major Canadian bank with a right to accumulate U.S. currency forward contracts at an amount of U.S. \$300 per month from May 2010 to December 2011. The accumulation of the forward contracts is dependent on the CAD/USD spot rate staying at or above a threshold rate of \$0.9550 CAD per USD. If the spot rate is below the threshold rate, then that month's contract will not be entered into. The forward contracts accumulated have a strike price of \$1.10 CAD per USD to be settled in December 2011. As at October 31, 2011, sixteen forward contracts totalling U.S. \$4,800 were accumulated and two more forward contracts totalling U.S. \$600 can be accumulated. As at October 31, 2011 the agreement had a mark-to-market gain of \$540, which was recorded as a derivative asset on the balance sheet. The change of the mark-to-market gain from the beginning of the period resulted in a derivative loss of \$733 recorded in the statement of operations.

From August to October 2011, the Company has also entered into six U.S. dollar forward contracts ("Participating Forward") with settlement dates from September 2011 to September 2013. The amount of U.S. dollars the Company can sell and the selling price under each contract is dependent on the spot CAD/USD rate on each settlement date as follows:

<b>Spot CAD/USD rate on each settlement date</b>	<b>Transactions</b>	<b>Rate Parameters for contracts</b>	<b>Amount per contract</b>
Spot < Threshold Rate	No transaction will take place on settlement date	Threshold Rate: \$0.935 to \$0.94 CAD per USD dependent on contract	Nil
Threshold Rate ≤ Spot ≤ Strike Price	The Company has to sell the contracted amount at the Strike Price	Strike Price: \$1.0155 to \$1.08 CAD per USD dependent on contract	From US\$1 million to \$2 million dependent on contract
Strike Price ≤ Spot ≤ Participating Rate	The Company can sell U.S. dollars at spot rate at own discretion without obligation	Participating Rate: \$1.065 to \$1.1582 CAD per USD dependent on contract	No limit
Spot > Participating Rate	The Company has to sell the higher contracted amount at the Strike Price		From US\$1.35 million to \$2.5 million dependent on contract

## **11. Financial instruments (continued)**

Total contracted amounts under the six contracts are US\$42,860 if the spot CAD/USD rate on settlement date is between the Threshold Rate and the Participating Rate. Total contracted amount will become US\$56,200 if the spot CAD/USD rate on settlement date is higher than the Participating Rate.

As at October 31, 2011, these contracts had a mark-to-market gain of \$130, which was recognized on the balance sheet and the statement of operations.

### Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

Based on the existing average forward contract exchange rate and the mix of U.S. dollar denominated sales and expenses for the six-month period ended October 31, 2011, a 5% change in the Canadian dollar against the U.S. dollar would have approximately \$630 impact on the Company's pre-tax earnings (2010 – approximately \$120).

The Company's sensitivity to foreign currency has increased during the current period mainly due to the substantial increase in the amount of unhedged U.S. dollar transactions.

### **11.3 Interest rate risk management**

The Company's cash equivalents and short-term investments are subject to the risk that interest income will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company manages the interest rate risk by investing in highly liquid financial instruments with staggered maturity dates. For the six-month ended October 31, 2011, each 100 basis point variation in the market interest rate is estimated to result in a change of \$69 in the Company's interest income (2010 - \$82).

### **11.4 Credit risk management**

The Company's cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, trade accounts receivable and derivative assets are subject to the risk that the counter-parties may fail to discharge their obligation to pay the Company. The Company's investment policy specifies the types of permissible investments, the minimum credit ratings required and the maximum balances allowed. The purchase of any securities carrying a credit rating below BBB for bonds or R1-Low for commercial paper is prohibited. Management reports to the Board of Directors quarterly the Company's investment portfolios to show their compliance with the investment policy. The credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The Company has credit policies and procedures to manage trade accounts receivable credit risk by assessing new customers' credit history, reviewing of credit limits, monitoring aging of accounts receivable and establishing an allowance for doubtful accounts based on specific customer information and general historical trends. Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable. As at October 31, 2011, the allowance for doubtful accounts was \$155 (April 30, 2011 - \$164).

## 11. Financial instruments (continued)

### 11.5 Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Company's liquidity risk is very limited as its cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments are consistently in excess of the financial liabilities.

The Company is debt-free and has access to financing facilities, which were unused at the end of the reporting period (2010: unused). The Company expects to meet its other obligations from operating cash flows and proceeds of maturing financial assets.

### 11.6 Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

As at October 31, 2011			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Short-term investments	\$ 14,292	\$ -	\$ -
Derivative assets	-	670	-
	<b>\$ 14,292</b>	<b>\$ 670</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

As at April 30, 2011			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Short-term investments	\$ 19,022	\$ -	\$ -
Derivative assets	-	2,101	-
	<b>\$ 19,022</b>	<b>\$ 2,101</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

There were no transfers between Level 1, 2 and 3 in the periods.

## 12. Other long-term obligations

Other long-term obligations are comprised of the fair value of the Company's stock-based compensation liabilities.

## 13. Related party transactions

13.1 Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Company, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note.

### 13.2 Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel during the period was as follows.

	Six Months Ended October 31,	
	2011	2010
Short-term benefits	\$ 802	\$ 977
Post-employment benefits	14	8
Share-based payment	341	175
	<u>\$ 1,157</u>	<u>\$ 1,160</u>